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Reg. No. :

Name :

Fifth Semester B.Sc. Degree Examination, October 2015 First Degree Programme under CBCSS CHEMISTRY Core Course – VII CH1543 – Physical Chemistry – II (2013 Admissions)

Time : 3 Hours

Max. Marks : 80

SECTION - A

(Answer in **one** word to maximum of **2** sentences)

Answer all questions. Each question carries one mark.

- 1. State the third law of thermodynamics.
- 2. What is the probability of getting an even number, when a die is tossed once?
- 3. What is meant by ultra filtration?
- 4. Give the Gibbs adsorption equation and explain the terms.
- 5. What is meant by well behaved wave function?
- 6. Calculate the uncertainty in the momentum of a particle whose uncertainty in position is of the order of 1A°.
- 7. What is the essential condition for a molecule to absorb microwave radiation?
- 8. Calculate the number of peaks in the proton NMR spectrum of 1, 3dibromopropane.
- 9. State Franck-Condon principle.
- 10. Give the Clausius-Mosotti equation and explain the terms. (1×10=10 Marks)

SECTION-B

(Not to exceed **one** paragraph)

Answer any eight. Each question carries 2 marks.

- 11. What is residual entropy ? Calculate the residual entropy of CO.
- 12. What are Bosons and Fermions ? Explain with examples.
- $\frac{1}{13}$. Explain why lyophilic sols generally show weak Tyndall effect.
 - 4. Differentiate between physical adsorption and chemical adsorption.
 - 15. Calculate the wavelength of the radiation emitted, when the electron in the hydrogen atom excited to the 5th energy level returns to the 2nd energy level. (Rydberg constant = $1.097 \times 10^7 \text{m}^{-1}$).
 - 16. What are Laplacian and Hamiltonian operators ? Explain.
 - 17. What is photoelectric effect ? What type of metals are used in photoelectric cells ?
 - 18. What is meant by the fingerprint region and what is its significance in the IR spectral studies of organic compounds?
 - 19. How is force constant related to bond order, bond length and bond energy ? Explain.
 - 20. Explain the terms shielding and deshielding with regard to NMR spectroscopy.
 - 21. Sketch the ESR spectrum of methyl radical and explain it.
 - 22. What information regarding the structure of the molecules can be obtained from the knowledge of their dipole moment? Explain with examples. (2×8=16 Marks)

SECTION-C

(Not to exceed 120 words)

Answer any six. Each question carries 4 marks.

23. Discuss the Nernst heat theorem.

24. Deduce the relation between enthalpy and partition function.

- 25. Briefly explain the optical and kinetic properties of colloids.
- 26. State Hardy-Schulze rule. Explain with an example.
- 27. The volume of nitrogen required at STP to cover the surface of the sample of iron catalyst with a monolayer as determined from the Langmuir plot was found to be $8.15 \text{ cm}^3\text{g}^{-1}$ of the adsorbent. The area occupied by one nitrogen molecule is $16.2 \times 10^{-20} \text{ m}^2$. Calculate the surface area per gram of the iron catalyst.
- 28. Discuss the postulates of quantum mechanics.
- 29. Sketch the different vibrational modes of carbon dioxide. Classify them as IR active and IR inactive modes. Justify your answer.
- 30. Explain the terms stokes and anti-stokes lines with regard to Raman spectra.
- $^{\prime}$ 31. How can the two isomers of C₂H₆O be differentiated using NMR spectroscopy ? (4×6=24 Marks)

SECTION - D

(Long essay type)

Answer any two. Each question carries 15 marks.

- 32. How is third law of thermodynamics suitable for determining the absolute entropies of crystalline substances at the required temperatures ?
- 33. Discuss briefly the postulates of Langmuir adsorption theory and derive the Langmuir adsorption isotherm.
- 34. Set up and solve the Schrodinger wave equation for a particle in a three dimension box and get expression for the wave function and energy.
- 35. a) Deduce expressions for a) Moment of inertia and b) Rotational energy of a rigid diatomic molecule.
 - b) How are the bond stretching frequencies calculated in IR spectroscopy?

(15×2=30 Marks)