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Reg. No. :

Name :

Fifth Semester B.Sc. Degree Examination, November 2015 First Degree Programme under CBCSS CHEMISTRY Core Course VI CH1542 : Inorganic Chemistry – III (Prior to 2013 Admission)

Time : 3 Hours

MAx.Weightage: 30

SECTION - A

(Answer in a word or a sentence)

Answer all questions. A bunch of 4 questions carries 1 weightage.

- I. 1) Name the products of hydrolysis of $TiCl_4$.
 - 2) Which transition metal is used as a catalyst in the hydrogenation of oils ?
 - 3) Name the major natural source of lanthanide elements.
 - 4) Which is the most common oxidation state of thorium ?
- II. 5) Write down the IUPAC name of the complex $[Cr(H_2O)_6]Cl_3$.
 - 6) What is the effective atomic number of the complex ion $[Cr (NH_3)_6]^{3+}$?
 - 7) What do you mean by a chelating ligand?
 - 8) Calculate the CFSE of the electronic configuration $t_{2g}^{3}e_{g}^{1}$.
- III. 9) Which is the most abundant transition element in mammals that serves many biological roles ?
 - 10) How many heme groups are there in hemoglobin?
 - 11) Give an example of an organometallic compound which does not obey the 18-electron rule.
 - 12) How do you get Fe_2 (CO)₉ from Fe (CO)₅?

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IV. 13) What is the chemical formula of the pyrosilicate anion?

- 14) What are silicones?
- 15) Which carborane is isoelectronic with $[B_{12}H_{12}]^{2-}$ anion ?
- 16) What are pseudohalogens?

(4×1=4 Weightage)

SECTION – B

(Short answer type questions)

Answer any eight questions. Each question carries 1 weightage.

- 17) Higher oxidations states (like +4) are rare among lanthanides, while, they are more common among early actinides. Why ?
- 18) How is potassium permanganate prepared?
- 19) The absorption spectra of the lanthanide cations are sharp and line like as compared to the broad absorption bands of the transition metal ions. Why ?
- 20) $CuSO_4.5H_2O$ is blue while $ZnSO_4$ is colourless. Why?
- 21) What do you mean by spectrochemical series of ligands?
- 22) Explain the structure and type of hybridisation in $[Ni(CI)_4]^{2-}$ and $[Ni(CN)_4]^{2-}$. Comment on their magnetic behaviour.
- 23) Briefly explain the type of bonding in ferrocene based on MO theory.
- 24) Briefly discuss the role of chlorophyll in photosynthesis.
- 25) What are zeolites ? Give an example.
- 26) What is inorganic graphite ? Give its structure.
- 27) What is borax ? Mention any one of its use.
- 28) Give the structures of HOCI and HCIO₃.

(8×1=8 Weightage)

SECTION-C

(Short essay type questions)

Answer any five questions. Each question carries 2 weightage.

- 29) Write a note on lanthanide contraction and its consequences.
- 30) How is potassium dichromate prepared ? What are its uses ?
- 31) Determine the number of unpaired electrons in weak field and in strong field in the octahedral complexes of Fe³⁺. Calculate their crystal field stabilization energies.
- 32) Write a note on the application of coordination compounds in qualitative and guantitative analyses.
- 33) How do you prepare the carbonyls, Fe (CO)₅ and Ni(CO)₄? Write a brief note on their properties.
- 34) Discuss the biochemistry of iron.
- 35) How do you prepare the carbide of Ca ? How does it react with water ?
- 36) Write a note on the different types of glass.

(5×2=10 Weightage)

SECTION - D

(Long essay type questions)

Answer any two questions. Each question carries 4 weightage.

- 37) Write notes on the following.
 - a) The structure and function of hemoglobin and myoglobin.
 - b) The sodium-potassium pump.
- 38) Discuss the types of isomerism shown by co-ordination compounds with appropriate examples.
- 39) Write notes on the following
 - a) Oxo-acids of phosphorus
 - b) The preparation and structure of inter-halogen compounds having the general formulae AX_3 and AX_5 . (2×4 = 8 Weightage)